

a study on a population of workers in the Metropolitan Area of Florence, Italy



Università degli Studi di





24-hours society



2010 1970 In the contemporary 24-hours society night-work affects almost *all areas of employment*, representing an *emerging issue* in Occupational Health

Night work and health

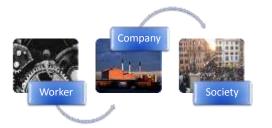


Man is a diurnal animal





Potential costs



Aims of the study

Evaluation of the impact of night work on health Identification of intervention strategies



Population of the study

Led administration to 359 workers of the AIMS screening questionnaire for occupational physicians with our integrations



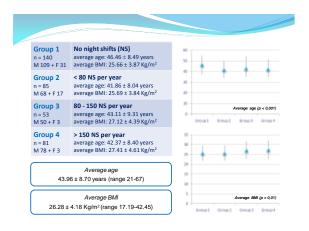
Glass workers
Health workers
Security guards

Tic technicians
Truck drivers



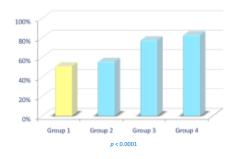


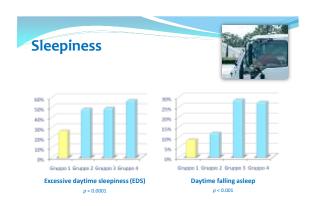
Italian Association of Sleep Medicine (AIMS)



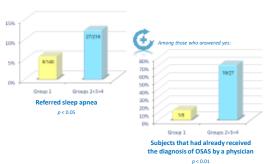


Overweight + obesity (BMI ≥ 25 Kg/m²)

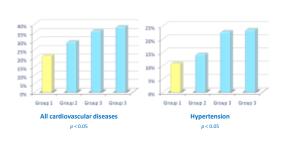




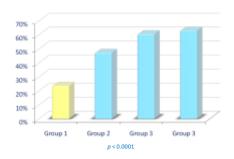
Sleep apnea



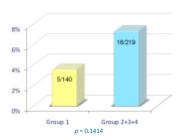
Cardiovascular diseases



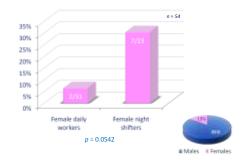
Gastrointestinal diseases



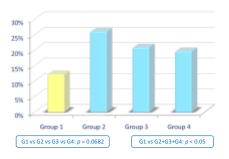
Diabetes



Menstrual disorders



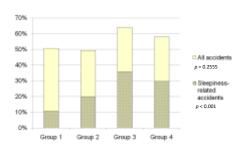
Mood disorders



Psychoactive substances consumption



Occupational- and work-accidents



Accidents and BMI Positive medical history for accidents in BMI ≥ 25 subjects BWI ≥ 25 SON p = 0.0533 40% Groups 2+3+4

G4: better results than in G3?

Hypotheses

• In people who constantly work at night there may be a resynchronization of the circadian rhythm with a reverse reset effect



• Possible "healthy worker" effect in



• Low compliance of **G4 workers** in responding to the questionnaire



Intervention strategies

A biologically optimal shift-schedule doesn't' exist!



- 1. Intervention on work organization
 - 2. Intervention on workers



1. Work organization



Shifts scheduling according to bio-ergonomic criteria

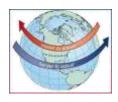


Night

Forward-rotating schedule



between each work shift



Costa G. Giornale Italiano di Medicina del Lavoro ed Ergonomia 2008; 30: 280-282 Sallinen M. Kecklund G. Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment & Health 2010; 36: 121-133

... and if isn't possible to choose a forwardrotating schedule?

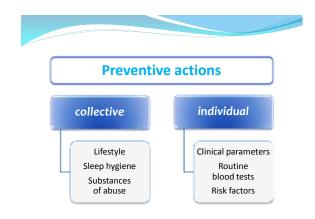
- Regular shift cycles to allow more possible non-working weekends
- · 24 hours of rest after each night shift
- Limit the number of consecutive nights (two at most)
- Define the duration of the night shift considering the workload for each task
- Ergonomic optimization of working places (lighting, microclimate, noise)



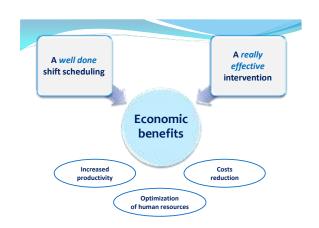




2. Workers The role of occupational physician Health surveillance Mandatory according to D.Lgs. 81/2008 Health promotion Optional participation of workers











Thanks